Italy won't be successful in such a way! Sicily, the taillight.

Today Europe, and especially southern Europe, is going through a period of economic unsteadiness, particularly because of the scanty purchasing power of Euro and due to not properly exploited resources.

Italy, on the contrary, as far as this matter is concerned, is going through a period of a recession.

Since I am a citizen living in southern Italy, it comes naturally to me to point out as in this period the more and more frequent stream of dismissals, the lack of jobs, the unemployment, the cutting of the public expenditure, are making impossible not only the economic growth but the same surviving of many categories of workers. Many young people are nowadays deprived of their rightful expectations to become part of the fabric of society through a job.

There are, for instance, many workers in the school field who live all their working life in job insecurity, never being stabilized despite the law provisions provide for such a matter.

Moreover, the industrialization is brought to a standstill because of a discordance of the taxation enforced on the loans to the enterprises arising in northern Italy, in such a way increasing the long time known gap between south and north. An evident instance of such a matter is the always increasing number of enterprises going towards bankruptcy. An evident portrayal is the crisis of the Sicilian airline Windjet, which has cancelled its flights, in such a way depriving the users of the possibility to travel at low cost fares. The situation has become more and more dramatic if we consider the loss of jobs of all the being on duty staff.

As some marketing researches published on daily papers show, the cost for a traveler of southern Italy is much superior compared to the means of transport (trains, planes, buses) going along northern and central Italy.

And what about Italian politicians? The paper 'La Sicilia' of last 10th September, first page, says about our prime minister, Mr. Mario Monti

: 'Monti's second government, there is a confrontation among political parties'; and some more about Mr. Monti: 'Mr. Casini says: Monti must be left as the premier '. Mr. Alfano: 'Then Mr. Monti must run in the next elections'. Mr. Bersani: 'That's enough with bankers'. You can see, these are the three political leaders who together represent the majority of Italian voters! But are these really the problems that all the Italian citizens would like to be discussed and possibly properly solved?